

1. Uzupełnij luki w zdaniach jednym wyrazem utworzonym od podanego słowa tak, aby zdania były poprawne gramatycznie i logicznie.

- I'd like to make a , please. **COMPLAIN**
- I'd like to speak to the , please. **MANAGE**
- Could you get some delicious apples at the local ? **GREEN**
- We're very sorry. We'll you the money right now. **FUND**
- They've just started an campaign against fur coats. **ADVERT**
- Could I this pair for a bigger size, please? **CHANGE**

2. Przetłumacz fragmenty zdań podane w nawiasach. W każdą lukę możesz wpisać maksymalnie cztery wyrazy.

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(1) (Czy kiedykolwiek słyszałeś) about freecycling? It means giving away things that you no longer want to (2) (innym ludziom) for free. This way fewer things are thrown away. There are many freecycling groups (3) (które pomagają) to connect people who want to give something away with those who may need those things. Another interesting idea is *swishing*. People get together with their friends or neighbours. Everyone brings something, (4) (na przykład ubrania) and accessories, to swap. It's like a shop where old things get new owners. It's fun because people don't have to spend money to get something new and they (5) (spędzają razem czas) . And if there are any leftover things, they are later donated to (6) (sklepów dobroczynnych) . This idea is very popular in the UK. (7) (Czy stanie się) popular in Poland, too?



3. Wybierz poprawną odpowiedź: A lub B.

- I gave him two vouchers: the first one was for the cinema and _____ for a concert.
 A. another one B. the other one
- These trousers fit me, but _____ are too tight.
 A. another one B. the other ones
- _____ one did you choose: the red one or the pink one?
 A. Which B. What
- I need some potatoes. These _____ are rotten.
 A. one B. ones
- I need _____ 5 minutes to finish the test!
 A. the other B. another

4. Uzupełnij luki zgodnie z treścią zdań wyjściowych. W każdą lukę możesz wpisać maksymalnie cztery wyrazy.

- Would you do something for me?
 Could I a favour?
- I can't afford it.
 I can't it's too expensive.

3. The price is 30% lower today.

We've got a 30% today.

4. How much does it cost?

How much it?

5. Where can I try this on?

Where's ?

5

Dopasuj wypowiedzi A-F do sytuacji 1-6.

Who Says What, When and Where?

1. You want to get some bananas.

2. You're doing the shopping, but you don't have any cash on you.

3. You've just come into a shop and you can hear an assistant's voice.

4. You've bought something, but you don't have anything to carry it in.

5. The cashier needs to charge you for your shopping.

6. You are not happy with something you have bought.

A. Can I pay by card here?

B. Could you put it in a bag for me, please?

C. How can I help you?

D. How would you like to pay?

E. I'd like four of those, please.

F. I'd like to return this, please.