

Health - p. 11

1

W parach odpowiedzcie na pytania.

1. Do paramedics usually work in ambulances?
2. Does your GP examine your spine when you have a sore throat?
3. Do you find prescriptions in a first-aid kit?
4. Do you want to rub your skin when you have an itchy rash?
5. Do you have a temperature when you have a fever?

2

Przyporządkuj poniższe wyrazy do zdań. Jeden wyraz został podany dodatkowo.

1. You could twist **it**, or even break **it** if you were unlucky.

2. When you suffer from **it**, you treat **it** to recover from **it** quickly.

3. If you have to take **it** to get better, you swallow **it**.

4. If you can't give **it** up, try to cut down on **it**.

ankle

appetite

illness

junk food

pill

3

Posłuchaj nagrania i uzupełnij zdania. W każdą lukę możesz wpisać maksymalnie trzy wyrazy.

0:00 / 00:56

1. I once had my as a result of a sports injury.
2. When I last , I didn't go to school for a few days.
3. I often when I don't get enough sleep.
4. If I rode a rollercoaster, I'd probably feel .
5. I don't think I'm the Internet.
6. I don't have any .

W parach powiedzcie, które zdania są prawdziwe w waszym przypadku.

4

Wskaż formy, które poprawnie uzupełniają tekst.

Your small act of kindness 12 November 2020

Now, during the COVID-19 pandemic, you can see people wearing face masks everywhere.

Doctors say we (1) cover our mouths and noses in public places if we

(2) able to distance socially. This way we protect others because some of us

can infect others even if we (3) have any symptoms. Without a mask on,

someone (4) spread the virus easily if they, for example, (5) .

It's true that face masks may feel uncomfortable and most of us would (6) not

wear them at all. But wearing a mask (7) be so hard if we think of it as a small act of kindness. After all, it really shows that we care about each other.



5

Przetłumacz na język angielski fragmenty podane w nawiasach.

1. (Co powinniśmy robić) not to catch a cold?
2. Do you think (będziesz spać) better today if you read a book before you go to bed?
3. (Gdyby twój przyjaciel zapytał Cię) how to avoid stress, what advice (dałbyś) to them?
4. Do you think we can stay fit (jeśli nie będziemy uprawiać) regular exercise?
5. (Jeśli ktoś poczuje się) ill, should they check their symptoms online? Why?/Why not?

Odpowiedzcie na pytania w parach.

6

Uzupełnij każdą lukę jednym wyrazem. Posłuchaj nagrania i sprawdź.

1. X: 's the matter?
Y: I've a terrible toothache since yesterday.
2. X: How are you ?
Y: My back .
3. X: What to be the problem?
Y: I think I got poisoning.
4. X: is your brother?
Y: He's much , thank you.



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Wykorzystując podane wyrazy, uzupełnij każde zdanie z luką tak, aby zachować sens zdania wyjściowego. Nie zmieniaj formy podanych wyrazów. W każdą lukę możesz wpisać maksymalnie cztery wyrazy, wliczając w to wyraz już podany.

1. It's a bad idea to start a diet without consulting the doctor. **SHOULD**
You on a diet if you don't consult the doctor.
2. Let's do some sport tomorrow. **SHALL**
 some sport tomorrow?
3. You will get worse unless you get some help. **HELP**
You will get worse if someone you.
4. You could make an appointment with your dentist for next Monday. **YOU**
Why an appointment with your dentist for next Monday?