

Food&Drink - p. 10

1 Uzupełnij tekst, wpisując w każdą lukę jedno z poniższych słów. Cztery wyrazy zostały podane dodatkowo.

any bun ingredient loaf let no recipe want



The history of words

Hamburger

The classic hamburger appeared in America over a hundred years ago. It's a beef patty* in a soft (1) with some toppings like onion, lettuce and ketchup. But why is it called a hamburger if there's (2) ham inside? (3) me explain. The name of this fast-food dish comes from German. A hamburger was a type of beef steak from Hamburg, a city in Germany. The (4) for that steak probably arrived in America with German immigrants. We're not sure who first served the German hamburger steak in a bread roll and created the world-famous hamburger as we know it today.



* A patty is a small, flat piece of cooked meat or other food.

2 W parach odpowiedzcie na pytania.

1. Which can be stale: watermelon or doughnuts ?
2. Which do you peel: butter or onions ?
3. Which isn't suitable for vegetarians: lamb or cereal ?
4. Which can you grate: yoghurt or cheese ?
5. Which tastes sour: vinegar or oil ?
6. What do you put under a plate: cutlery or a tablecloth ?
7. Which can you buy in tins: beans or rice ?

3 Posłuchaj nagrania. Przyporządkuj wypowiedzi osób 1-4 do potraw A-E, o których mówią. Jedna potrawa nie pasuje do żadnej osoby.



- | | |
|-------------------------|---|
| 1. <input type="text"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> A. tomato soup |
| 2. <input type="text"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> B. cherry pie |
| 3. <input type="text"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> C. salad |
| 4. <input type="text"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> D. fried eggs |
| | <input type="checkbox"/> E. pancakes |

4 Wskaż formy, które poprawnie uzupełniają zdania.

1. My parents say that I eat too little | few for a | Ø breakfast.

2. I haven't eaten **any** | **some** red meat lately. I haven't eaten **much** | **many** seafood either.
3. My favourite sandwich is wholemeal bread with **some** | **a** butter and cheese.
4. I take **no** | **few** sugar in my tea, but I like to add **a slice of** | **a few** lemon.
5. I don't have **much** | **many** snacks between meals, usually **a** | **a few** banana or **a** | **some** crisps.
6. My family order takeaway food **a few** | **a little** times a month.

W parach ułóżcie podobne zdania.

5

Przetłumacz na język angielski fragmenty podane w nawiasach.

- X: (1) (Ugotujmy coś) something for dinner together.
- Y: How about spaghetti with a mushroom sauce?
- X: Great. (2) (Zagotuj wodę) for the pasta and I'll make the sauce.
- Y: But (3) (nie dodawaj tak dużo) pepper as last time.
- X: OK, and you must remember to add salt to the water.
- Y: I know. (4) (Ile soli) should I use for this pot?
- X: A teaspoon should be enough.

6

Uzupełnij zdania, wpisując w każdą lukę jedno słowo. Posłuchaj nagrania i sprawdź. W parach zdecydujcie, kto wypowiada poszczególne zdania: gość w restauracji czy kelner?

- | | |
|---|----------------------|
| 1. Can I get you anything <input type="text"/> ? | <input type="text"/> |
| 2. Are you <input type="text"/> to order? | <input type="text"/> |
| 3. Can I have the bill, <input type="text"/> ? | <input type="text"/> |
| 4. Here's your pasta. <input type="text"/> your meal! | <input type="text"/> |
| 5. I'll <input type="text"/> the tuna and chips, please. | <input type="text"/> |
| 6. I'd like to book a <input type="text"/> for two for 6 p.m. | <input type="text"/> |
| 7. <input type="text"/> was everything? | <input type="text"/> |
| 8. What would you like <input type="text"/> dessert? | <input type="text"/> |

